

$$\frac{X^7}{X^4} = X^{7-4} = X^3$$

23.  $y = \frac{4x^{3/2}}{x^1}$

$$y = 4x^{3/2-1} = 4x^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{1/2-1} = 2x^{-1/2} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

29.  $f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{3x}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 3x^{1-1/2} - 1x^{-1/2} = 3x^{1/2} - x^{-1/2}$

$$F'(x) = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{1/2-1} - 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2-1} = \frac{3}{2} x^{-1/2} + \frac{1}{2} x^{-3/2}$$

$$\sqrt{x^3} = x\sqrt{x}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot x}{2\sqrt{x} \cdot x} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^3}} = \frac{3\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{x^3}} = \frac{3x+1}{2x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$F(x) = \frac{3x-1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{3(\sqrt{x}) - (3x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$\frac{3x+1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{3x+1}{2x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{x} \cdot 2\sqrt{x} - (3x-1)}{1 \cdot 2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{6x - (3x-1)}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{6x - 3x + 1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{6x - 3x + 1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{3x+1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

31.  $h(s) = (s^3 - 2)^2 = (s^3 - 2)(s^3 - 2) \Rightarrow h(x) = (x^3 - 2)(x^3 - 2) = x^6 - 2x^3 - 2x^3 + 4$   
 $x^6 - 4x^3 + 4$

$$h(x) = (x^3 - 2)(x^3 - 2)$$

$$h'(x) = 3x^2(x^3 - 2) + (x^3 - 2)(3x^2)$$

$$2 \cdot 3x^2(x^3 - 2)$$

$$6x^2(x^3 - 2)$$

$$6x^5 - 12x^2$$

$$h(x) = x^6 - 4x^3 + 4$$

$$h'(x) = 6x^5 - 12x^2 + 0$$

$$6x^2(x^3 - 2)$$

52.  $f(x) = \sin x \cos x$

$F'(x) = \cos x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot (-\sin x)$   
 $\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$   
 $\cos 2x$

$\cos(a+b) = \cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b$   
 $\cos 2x$   
 $\cos(x+x) = \cos x \cos x - \sin x \sin x$   
 $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$

30.  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}(\sqrt{x} + 3) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3) = x^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$F'(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}-1}(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3) + x^{\frac{1}{3}}(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}-1} + 0)$   
 $\frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3) + x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$   
 $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3)}{1} + x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$   
 $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$   
 $\frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3)\sqrt[3]{x}}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}}$   
 $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 \cdot x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x} + \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2x} = \frac{(x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}) \cdot 2}{3x} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cdot 3}{2x \cdot 3} = \frac{5x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{6x}$

$F(x) = x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
 $F'(x) = \frac{5}{6}x^{\frac{5}{6}-1} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}-1}$   
 $\frac{5}{6}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$   
 $\frac{5\sqrt[6]{x^5}}{6\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x}} + \frac{1\sqrt[3]{x}}{3\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}}$   
 $\frac{5\sqrt[6]{x^5}}{6x} + \frac{6 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x}}{6 \cdot x} = \frac{5\sqrt[6]{x^5} + 6\sqrt[3]{x}}{6x}$

3.  $h(t) = \sqrt{t(1-t)} = \sqrt{t} - t^2\sqrt{t} = t^{\frac{1}{2}} - t^{\frac{5}{2}}$

$h'(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^{\frac{1}{2}-1} - \frac{5}{2}t^{\frac{5}{2}-1} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - \frac{5t^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - \frac{5t\sqrt{t}\sqrt{t}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{t}}$

$\sqrt{t} \cdot \sqrt{t} = t$

$\frac{1 - 5t \cdot t}{2\sqrt{t}} = \frac{1 - 5t^2}{2\sqrt{t}}$

$\frac{5x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} =$

$$4. g(s) = \sqrt{s(s^2 + 8)} \Rightarrow g(x) = \sqrt{x(x^2 + 8)} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^2 + x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 8 = x^{5/2} + 8x^{1/2}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{5}{2}x^{5/2-1} + 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2}x^{1/2-1} = \frac{5}{2}x^{3/2} + 4x^{-1/2} = \frac{5x\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x} + 4}{2\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{5x \cdot x}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{5x^2 + 8}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$35. f(x) = (2x^3 + 5x)(x - 3)(x + 2)$$

$$36. f(x) = (x^3 - x)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + x - 1)$$

$$35. F'(x) = (6x^2 + 5)(x-3)(x+2) + (2x^3 + 5x)(1)(x+2) + (2x^3 + 5x)(x-3)(1)$$

$$36. F(x) = (x^3 - x)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + x - 1)$$

$$F'(x) = (3x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + x - 1) + (x^3 - x)(2x)(x^2 + x - 1) + (x^3 - x)(x^2 + 2)(2x + 1)$$

$$2 \sin x \cos x = \sin 2x$$

$$2x \sin x \cos x = x \cdot \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{x \cdot \sin x}$$

$$51. f(x) = x^2 \tan x$$

$$F'(x) = 2x \cdot \tan x + x^2 \cdot \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{2x \sin x \cos x}{\cos x \cos x} + \frac{x^2}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{2x \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{x^2}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{x \cdot \sin 2x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{x^2}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{x(\sin 2x + x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$54. h(\theta) = 5\theta \sec \theta + \theta \tan \theta$$

$$h'(\theta) = 5 \cdot \sec \theta + 5\theta \cdot \sec \theta \tan \theta + 1 \cdot \tan \theta + \theta \cdot \sec^2 \theta$$

$$= 5 \sec \theta + \theta \sec^2 \theta + 5\theta \sec \theta \tan \theta + \tan \theta =$$

$$\sec \theta (5 + \theta \sec \theta) + \tan \theta (5\theta \sec \theta + 1)$$

$$h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{f'(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x) \cdot g'(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

$$f(x) = \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x - \sin x \cdot (-\sin x)}{(\cos x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = \sec^2 x$$